

2011 Clam Industry Workshop Shirley Baker (UF), John Scarpa (HBOI @ FAO), Leslie Sturmer (UF)

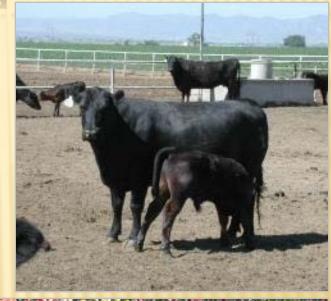
# SELECTION FOR HEAT TOLERANCE IN CLAMS USING BIOMARKERS

### WHY SELECTIVE BREEDING?

Select desired traits

Adapt to specific growing

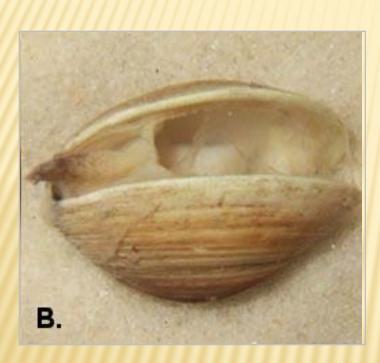
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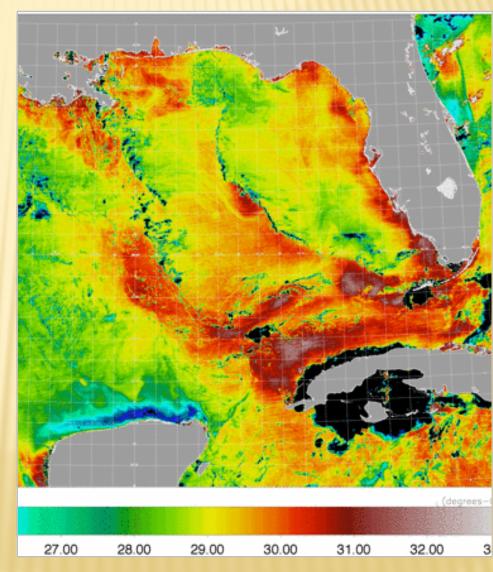
#### WHY SELECTIVELY BREED HARD CLAMS?



- Need a heat tolerant clam for Florida
  - + Northern quahogs, Mercenaria mercenaria, are "living on the edge"
    - × Near southern limit of their natural distribution
    - × Summer water temperatures in growing areas regularly exceed 90°F
    - × Temperature related mortalities observed in lab and field

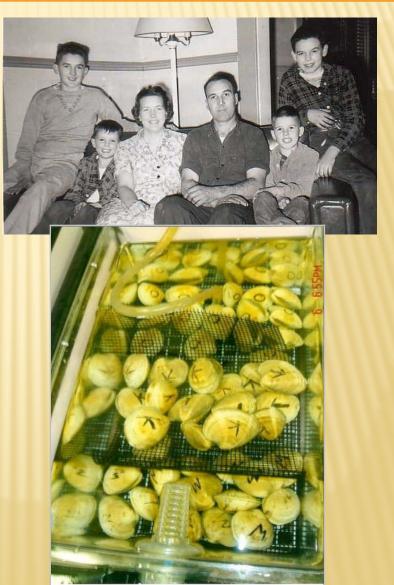
# WHY SELECTIVELY BREED HARD CLAMS FOR HEAT TOLERANCE?

- Prepare for global climate change
  - Water temperatures in harvest areas have already increased by over 0.5°F in last 30 years
  - Water temperatures are predicted to increase by another 3.5°F in next
     100 years



### WHY DO WE THINK WE CAN SELECTIVELY BREED HARD CLAMS?

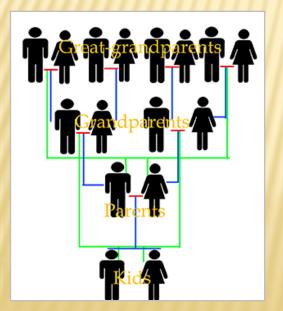
- Clam families differ
  - + Scarpa lab challenge (hi T):
    One family had 93% survival compared to 28% and 39%
  - Baker lab challenge (hi T, low S, low O<sub>2</sub>): One family survived almost 3 days longer



### CAN WE USE TRADITIONAL METHODS TO BREED HARD CLAMS FOR HEAT TOLERANCE?

- It could take a long time
  - + Heat challenge clams
  - + Breed survivors
  - + And so on....

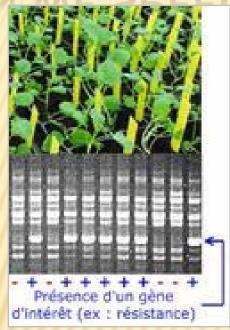
- It could be costprohibitive
  - Many families
  - + Large amount of space & labor







#### **CAN WE SPEED UP THE PROCESS?**

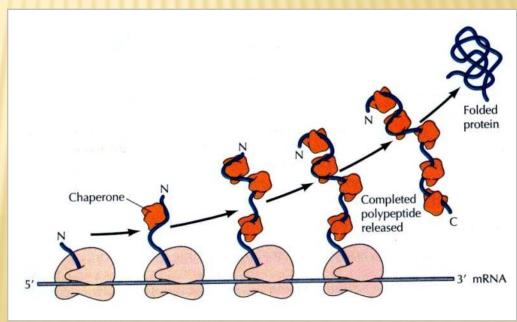




- Marker assisted selection
  - + Select parents based on markers associated with trait of interest
    - × Physiological
    - × Molecular
    - × Genetic
  - + Reduces the number of generations, families, time and space required to select for a trait

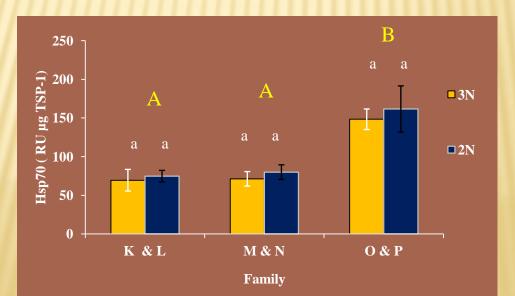
# WHAT MARKER CAN WE USE TO SELECT FOR HEAT TOLERANCE IN HARD CLAMS?

- "Heat shock" proteins (Hsp)
  - + Form, transport, and degrade proteins in cells
  - Cognate Hsp Cellular housekeeping
  - + Inducible Hsp Increase in response to protein
    - damaging stressors
      - × Temperature
      - × Salinity
      - × Oxygen



### WHY MIGHT HSP BE A GOOD MARKER FOR HEAT TOLERANCE IN HARD CLAMS?

- Level of cognate Hsp is associated with survival following temperature challenges
  - + Family with 2x Hsp had 93% survival (compared to 28% and 39%)
  - + Other studies suggest that Hsp levels are inherited



#### WHAT ARE WE PLANNING?

- Overall goal:
  - Assess if markers (e.g., Hsp, metabolic characteristics) can be used in selective breeding for heat tolerant hard clams
- Specific objectives:
  - + Determine if markers are consistently associated with temperature tolerance (survival, production, product quality)
  - + Determine if marker levels are inherited in hard clams
  - Provide information to you
- What we're not doing:
  - + Producing heat-tolerant clam strains



### STAY TUNED....AND KEEP CLAM





