

The Significance of Women in the Development of a Clam Farming Industry: the Cedar Key Story



Leslie Sturmer
University of Florida/IFAS Shellfish Aquaculture Extension





 Oyster fishery impacted by hurricane and drought, 1985-88

Levy

- Introduced oyster aquaculture as an alternative to fishing natural stocks, 1989-91
- First application of JTPA-federal funding for job training in aquaculture

Trying a new approach in Apalachicola...



- Over 180 harvesters participated
- One-acre parcels identified for leases
- Local government opposed leases
- Technology transfer problems
- Other sociopolitical conflicts

Aquaculture: new hope or hopeless?

Times Staff Report By Sandy Walker

A heated debate over the merits of the cyster aquaculture program broke out among county commissioners, seafood workers and environmentalists at Tuesday's commission meeting. The dispute followed an update on the project by George Chapel, chairman of the Aquaculture Working Governor's

The project is in the midst of a survey of the 201 one-acre lease sites in four locations that is expected to be completed in March. The oystermen and state agencies are also honing the wording of the lease applications. And, according to Chapet, sales promotion cam-

paigns for the cultured oyster, to be called the "Florida Gem Oyster," are currently being developed.

Opposition to the leases came from local shrimpers and oystermen and also

Apalachicola shrimper, stated that the Green Point and Nine Mile oyster lease sites were on two of his favorite shrimp beds. Martina implied that some shrimpers would not honor the leasehold markers, but would continue to drag for shrimp in areas they knew to be productive regardless of the risk of destruction to lease-site beds and

Commissioner Dink Braxton produced a resolution opposing leases in the bay that was previously passed by the

precedent that the proposed aquaculture leases would set for the resolution of historical claims on bay acreage.

A suit has been filed by both Franklin County and the State of Florida against the Carrabelle Trading Company's claim, which emerged in 1989 after a long dormancy. Allowing new leases, even for limited time periods rather than in perpetuity, may influence the outcome of that suit, Braxton feared.

Woody Miley, manager of the Estuarine Reserve, stated that the Trading Company lease was not comparable to the oyster leases, since it was a grant, not

(Continued on page 2)

the APALACH

\$12.50 a year in county \$17 a year out of county

County nixes move by oyster farmers

Volume 105

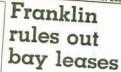
The Franklin County Board County Commissioners delivered other blow to the hopes of the aqua ture project Tuesday morning. By a of three to two, the board denied quest to move the research opera-

Herale

questioning of suspects issue

44 pages Vol. 20 No. 262

capee at large



APALACHICOLA — Apalachicola Bay's new 'Fiorida Gem'' oyster, the vision of the state's highly touted oyster-farming project here, could be a pipe dream unless Frankin County backs down from opposing creation of new bay

leases.

A change of course is unlikely. Causty Commissioner Bulord "Disk" Braslon and Tradio, December 2019.

A change of course is unlikely. Causty Commissioner Bulord "Disk" Braslon and Tradio, and the Course of the Course

nission granted 6,800 acres of hay bottom nore than 80 years ago to a group of men now chown as Guil Trading to a group of men now chown as Guil Trading Combielle. Braxton said he would do to be bein Guil Trading prevail in the dispute, even if it means stopping the oyster-farming project before it really gets started.



The project fails...





David Vaughan, HBOI; Sue Colson, 4-H leader

Engaging youth...

- 4-H school enrichment project, Suwannee, 1990-1
- State funds obtained by Senator Kirkpatrick
- Local 4-H leaders: Sue Colson, Carol Strobach, Pam Colson

Battle lines drawn on gulf leasing



Russ and Sue Colson are oyster barvesters in Suwannee Town. Sue is president of Suwannee Oyster Association. They run their wholesale/retail business out of the Ovster Rus a converted church vehicle

By MITCH STACY Sun staff writer

HORSESHOE BEACH - Depending or whom you talk to in Dixie County's coasta communities, the state Department of Natura Resources' submerged lands leasing program is both a godsend and a curse.

Realizing the importance of developing aquaculture in the state, the DNR last year lifted an eight-year moratorium and altered and tightened the state administrative code that regulates leasing by private citizens of state-controlled submerged lands off Florida's

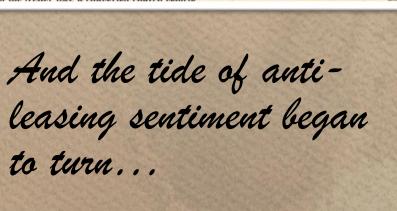
The policy allows people to lease up to five acres for clam production or up to 10 acres for oysters and grow the shellfish on that bottom land for at least 10 years.

But opponents in Dixie County - primarily members of a Horseshoe Beach-based group of oyster harvesters - don't like the idea of plac ing restrictions on what has always been public property. Commercial fishermen, shrimper, and crabbe

fect their "I don't ment or public lan said Debbi member H and a Hors

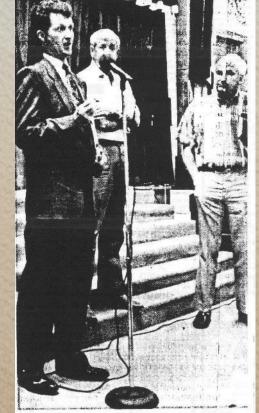


Sen. George Kirkpatrick; Sue Colson, Suwannee Oyster Association





4-H Graduation Day, Suwannee, 1991



Halting Sickness--David C. Heil, left, chief of the Florida Department of Natural Resources Bureau of Marine Resources, Regulation and Development, explains that his agency wanted the oystering waters closed to prevent sickness. On his right, are State Senator George Kirkpatrick and State Representative Allen Boyd who arranged the meeting. More than 100 oystermen and women attended.

et" is the liquid that filters ill be collected and taken to

Ictober, first of November.

Budget

Sec. 2. Page

County

Dixie County Advocate In the Suwannee River Valley at & CROSS CITY, FLORIDA

"The only newspaper in Florida that loves Dixie County"

Home of the World's 2nd Largest "Red-Belly"

Volume 69 Number 33 Thursday, August 29, 1991

2 Sections USPS 158-760

35¢ Per Copy

Septic Systems Probable Cause

Oyster Industry Hit Hard With FDA Ban

The oyster industry along Dixie and Levy Countys' famed Suwannee Sound coastline has been hit with yet another ban, this time for up to two years or longer if no action is taken to clean up the waters.

The United States Food and Drug Administration (F.D.A.) along with state agencies announced the ban last week saying it would go into effect on August 31, just one day before the new season was to begin. Just last year, oysterers were faced with bans after officials discovered higher than acceptable levels of bacteria (salmonella) in waters in the same area. Another bacteria called vibrio vulnificus has officials concerned due to its high mortality rate of about 50%

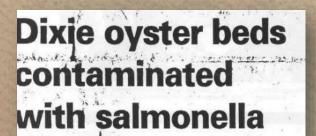
State Senator George Kirkpatrick, upon receiving the news, immediately called for a meeting at Old Town Elementary School held last Tuesday morning. Calling it a "crises situation," Kirkpatrick, along with Representative Allen Boyd met with Department of Natural Resources officials and dystermen at the school to hash out what steps could be taken to alleviate the oyster contamination which

A recent study of the Suwannee and the area where the River meets the Gulf concluded that there is potential shellfish contamination occurring due to improperly installed or failing septic tank systems.

Local officials heard last week from Jerry Scarborough, with the Suwannee River Water Management District that the county has met the pre-qualifying criteria for a waste-water treatment facility in the town of Suwannee. The grant would be funded through Farmers Home Administration. A feasibility study regarding the waste-water treatment facility is underway under the direction of the SRWMD. County Commissioners are in the process of trying to get special legislation passed for



Sen. George Kirkpatrick, standing and Rep. Boyd, seated for right moderated the Dixie-Levy Oysters Meeting last Tuesday at Old Town Elementary,

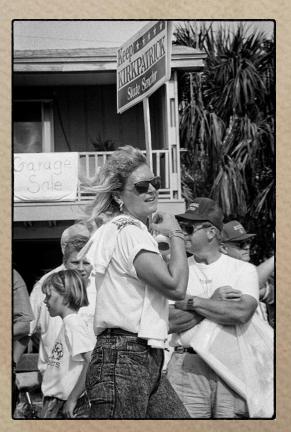




Oyster fishery in Suwannee Sound closed, 1991

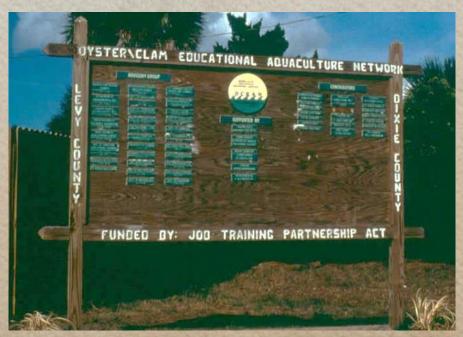
Seeking solutions on a local level...

- Advocated to conduct another retraining program for Levy and Dixie Counties
- Secured funding through petitioning local legislative delegation
- Worked with County Commissions to support leasing through resolutions



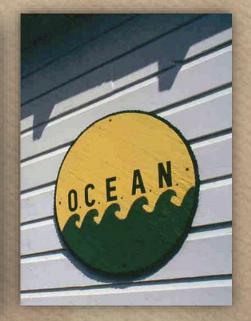


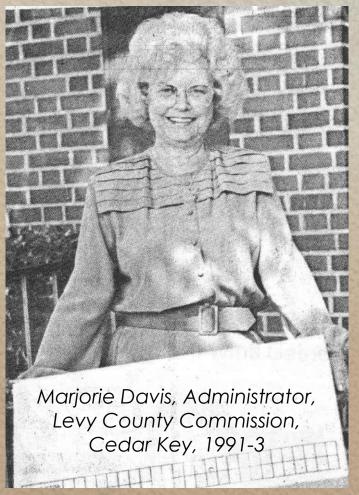
Nena Calvert, Cedar Key Clams and Oysters, sixth generation Cedar Key native Started first clam farming business with husband on father's shellfish cultch lease, 1990



Oyster

project
will get
funding





A new way of making a living on the water...

Community involvement ...



Project OCEAN staff including local employees and Nena Calvert as the community liaison



Sue Colson, Advisory committee chair





Sample of soft bag made of flexible polyester mesh to grow the hard clam. Left to right: Everett Quesenberry, Ray Young, and Leslie Sturmer, Manager Project OCEAN at Cedar Key, Florida.

Learning new skills...









- "Hands-on" training in clam and oyster landbased nursery and growout culture
- Introduction to depuration methods
- Classroom curriculum
- Development of business plans, lease applications





Graduation!

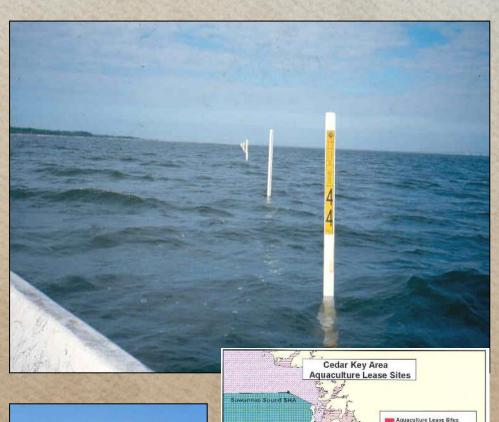
137 oyster harvesters and seafood workers in Levy and Dixie Counties receive certificate of completion, December 1993



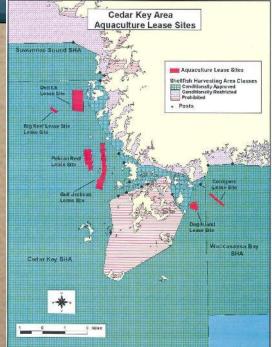
Marjorie Davis, LCBCC; Sue Colson, OCEAN Advisory Committee Chair: Nena Calvert OCEAN community liaison; Leslie Sturmer, Project Manager

Aquaculture leases established!

- Graduates receive two 2-acre lease parcels
- Levy County served as conceptual applicant during permitting process
- Concept of high-density lease area developed
- 948 acres of state-owned submerged lands identified, surveyed and marked in Levy and Dixie Counties
- First aquaculture leases located on west coast of Florida
- Lease application and process established







A way of life ends...

- Statewide ban on gill and entanglement nets (1994)
- Hundreds of net fishers affected



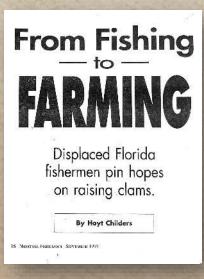






Another round of training programs...





Project W.A.V.E. Holds Graduation
Ceremony For Dixie/Taylor Students



The WAVE graduates were all smiles last Friday night after graduating from the 11 months long program.



Project WAVE, Cedar Key, 1995-8

- Retrained another 100 fishers in fourcounty service area (Taylor, Dixie, Levy, Citrus Counties)
- Led the way to two other communitybased projects – SW Florida (Project CLAM) and Volusia County (Oak Hill)

Harriet Smith, Project graduate

"And so we turned to the only thing we could – clam farming."

all these adventures ended with the ban on gill nets. I stood at the fish hous ist basket of mullet was hauled up and tried, like the men around me, not t

And so we turned to the only thing we could - clam farming.

rough a job training program, we were trained and each leased four acres of merged land to grow clams.

is extremely difficult and without any money, almost impossible to go forw business. We inched forward, however, some of us taking on partners in si would later tum bad. Others, like me, determined to go it alone. The work of ounting and measuring baby clams - each about 10 mm across - into a nylo that was usually 4' x 4'or 3' x 4'. Then, the bags were planted on the bottor bmerged land leased from the State of Florida. The area where we were gre s was about 1/4 mile from Cedar Key. The bags were staked down in rows, ting corn. The only difference was: you couldn't see anything -- except, of c dead of winter when the water is clear and everyone worried about havin m bags stolen because they were so easy to see. I called it "farming by Brail you could only feel with your feet and your hands what was going on. Af ear or 15 months, you would pull that bag out of the mud, put it on your be it to shore, put it in your truck and take it to a clam buyer. Of course, you arvest one bag - anywhere from 5 to 50 bags would be brought in at a time they were heavy - heavy with sand and mud and heavy with clams. I won clam lease - usually by myself - for several years until I finally realized th

I could no longer work on the water.

It was physically too difficult.

"I worked the clam lease for several years — usually by myself - until I realized I could no longer work on the water. It was physically too difficult."

Cedar Key clam culture industry today...









- >150 certified growers
- Supports >500 jobs
- Ancillary businesses
 - Seed suppliers, gear suppliers, wholesalers, boat builders
- 105M clam production, 2021
 - ->90% of state's production
- Economic impact of \$34M









Sue Colson...

Continued leadership-Water quality advocate-Education



CKAA General Membership Meeting, 2009

Sea Crant

IIF FLORIDA

The Way We Worked educational display, 2015

- Clamalot Clams, 1994-2008
- Charter board of director, Cedar Key Aquaculture Association, 2000-2020
- Commissioner & vice mayor,
 City of Cedar Key, 2003-present



MISS



Leslie Sturmer...

Continued technical support-Applied research-Education

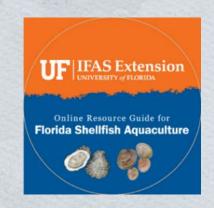




Cedar Key Everlasting event, 2012



- Shellfish aquaculture extension agent, 1997-present
- Board of director, Florida Aquaculture Association, 1991-present
- East Coast Shellfish Growers
 Association, charter member



Carla Ermel...

Bag manufacturer - Fabric supplier







- Seventh generation Cedar Keyan
- Manufacturer of clam bags since 1997
- Regional suppler of polyester mesh fabric



Clamerica Celebration, 2010

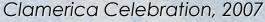


Christmas Boat Parade, 2014

Rose Cantwell...

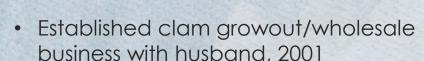
Local leadership — Community involvement







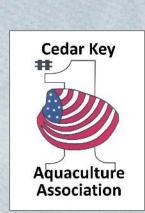
Cedar Key Everlasting, 2012



Serving clams at Cedar Key
Seafood Festivals

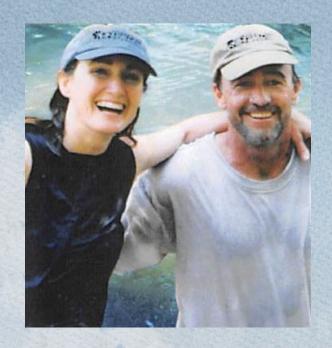
- Serves as chair of Cedar Key Aquaculture Association, 2012-present
- Involved in many local events promoting clams and industry





Linda Seyfert...

Community involvement – Industry promoter





Clam shucking demo, Clamerica Celebration, 2010



Romancing the Clam, Savannah, 2009

- Established clam business in 1998
- Contributes to festivals, promotional events, special occasions





With Congresswomen Ginny Brown-Waite, 2006

Gretchen Stone Kelly...

The next generation – Industry leadership



With brother Ian on their Dog Island farm







- From corn farming in Kansas to clam farming in Cedar Key, 2018
- Committee member, National Aquaculture Association (NAA)
- Executive director, Florida Shellfish
 Aquaculture Association, 2021-present



With Paul Zajicek, NAA executive director Coastal Cleanup, 2019

Sarah Solano Stokes ...

Second generation clam farmer



With Cedar Key High School SALT class





- Second generation clam farmer
- With brothers now operate father's business established in 1995
- Future Farmers of America member
- Board of director, Florida Aquaculture Association, 2020-present



Thanks to all the women involved past, present and future in the clam culture industry in Cedar Key!

